



1622

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BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER*For applications requiring continuity of service*

Heater ■	Coated Unipotential Cathode	
Voltage	6.3	a-c or d-c volts
Current	0.9	amp.
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (approx.): ^o		
Grid to Plate	0.4	μf
Input	10	μf
Output	12	μf
Maximum Overall Length		4-5/16"
Maximum Seated Height		3-3/4"
Maximum Diameter		1-9/16" ± 1/16"
Bulb		Metal Shell, MT-10
Base		Small Wafer Octal 7-Pin
Pin 1 - Shell		Pin 5 - Grid
Pin 2 - Heater		Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 3 - Plate		Pin 8 - Cathode
Pin 4 - Screen		
Mounting Position	Any	

A circular diagram representing the bottom view of a vacuum tube base. It shows eight pins numbered 1 through 8. Pin 1 is at the bottom center. Pin 2 is at the bottom left, pin 3 is at the top left, pin 4 is at the top center, pin 5 is at the top right, pin 6 is at the bottom right, pin 7 is at the bottom left (adjacent to pin 2), and pin 8 is at the bottom right (adjacent to pin 6). A central symbol indicates the internal structure, with a 'KEY' label below it.

BOTTOM VIEW (7AC)

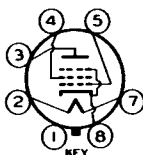
*Maximum Ratings Are Design-Center Values*PUSH-PULL AMPLIFIER

Plate Voltage	300 max. volts
Screen Voltage	250 max. volts
Plate Dissipation	13.8 max. watts
Screen Dissipation	1.4 max. watts

*Typical Operation - Class A₁ Amplifier:**Unless otherwise specified, values are for 2 tubes*

Plate Voltage	300	volts
Screen Voltage	250	volts
D-C Grid Voltage #	-20	volts
Peak A-F Grid-to-Grid Voltage	40	volts
Zero-Sig. Plate Current	86	ma.
Max.-Sig. Plate Current	125	ma.
Zero-Sig. Screen Current	4	ma.
Max.-Sig. Screen Current	10.5	ma.
Load Resistance (plate to plate)	4000	ohms
Total Harmonic Distortion	1	%
Power Output	10	watts

■ The heater voltage should never fluctuate so that it exceeds 7 volts. The potential difference between heater and cathode should be kept as low as possible.

The type of input coupling used should not introduce too much resistance in the grid circuit. Transformer- or impedance-coupling devices are recommended. When the grid circuit has a resistance not higher than 0.1 megohm, fixed bias may be used; for higher values, cathode bias is required. With cathode bias, the grid circuit may have a resistance not to exceed 0.5 megohm, provided the heater voltage is not allowed to rise more than 10% above the rated value under any condition of operation.

^o With shell connected to cathode.

Curves under Type 6L6 also apply to the 1622 within the limitations of its maximum ratings.

← Indicates a change.

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RCA VICTOR DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

DATA